

22nd November 2022

Mathematics: Parent Information Session

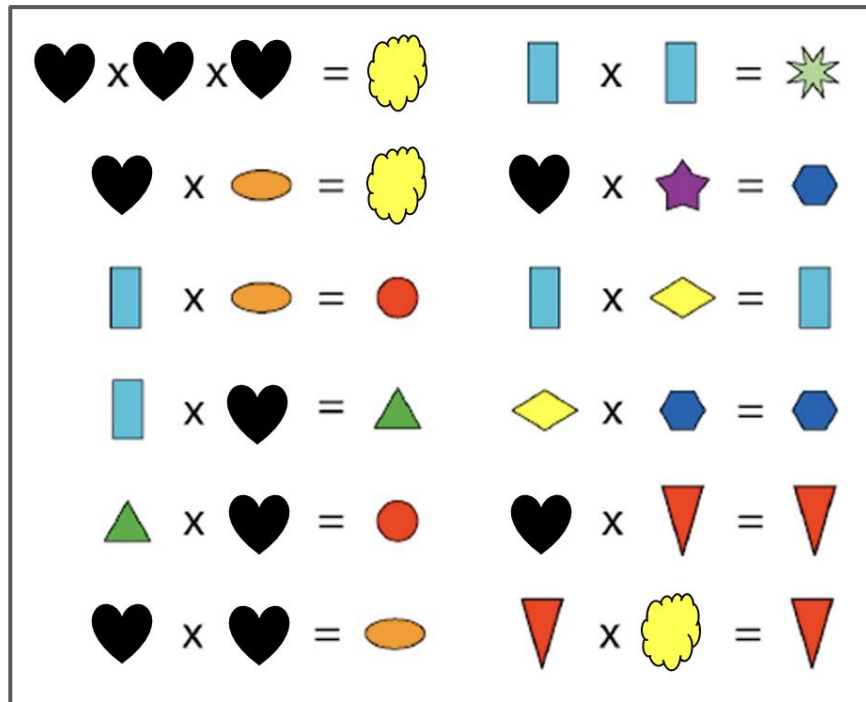
Astrophysics	Politics	Imaginary
<p>A day on Jupiter lasts about 10 hours. Write a product to show how many hours are in 10 Jupiter days. Then find the value of the power.</p>	<p>In the year 2020, Joe Biden, received about 10^6 votes to win the election. Write this as a product. How many votes did Joe Biden receive?</p>	<p>The Luck Dragons that live in the Enchanted Forest in Chitwan National Park weigh $4x$ kilograms when they are x years old. What are the weights of 6-year old, 8-year old, and 10-year old Luck Dragon.</p>
<p>10^2 ✓</p>	<p>1,000,000 ✓</p>	<p>6 year old - 24 Kg 8 Year Old - 32 Kg 10 year Old - 40 Kg ✓</p>

A Challenge For You...

The coloured shapes stand for **eleven** of the numbers

between 0 to 12.

Each shape is a **different number.**



Mathematics @ TBS

- Students should be taught **more than theorems and processes**
- Increasing focus on **how** to solve problems:
 - extracting key information
 - identifying what needs to be learnt
 - learning new skills (if necessary)
 - solve real-world problems
- Developing **cross-curricular** links
- Making mathematics **relevant** and **fun**



“What is mathematics? It is only a systematic effort of solving puzzles posed by nature.”- Shakuntala Devi

Schemes of Work

Term 1	Week-1	Week-2	Week-3	Week-4	Week-5	Week-6	
Y7	L1	7N4	7N2	7N3	7N4	7G4	Test-4
Y8	L1	8N1	8N2	8N3	8N4	8N5	Test-4
Y9	L1	9N4	9N2	9N3	9N4	9N5	Test-4

Teacher's Time Plan

Parent's Curriculum Map

		Year 8	Year 9
		Term 1	
Content	Topic 2: Geometry (7G1, 7G2) Topic 3: Number (7N5, 7N6, 7N7)	Topic 1: Number (8N1, 8N2, 8N3) Topic 2: Algebra (8A1, 8A2) Topic 3: Number (8N4, 8N5) Topic 4: Data (8D1, 8D4)	Topic 1: Number (9N1, 9N2, 9N3, 9N4, 9N5) Topic 2: Algebra (9A1, 9A2, 9A3)
Skills	Number: mental arithmetic, BIDMAS, working with negative numbers and decimals and rounding <u>number</u> . Using factors and multiples, converting between fractions, decimals and percentages, understanding ratio and proportion. Geometry: Knowing key terms for defining angles. Working with angle rules and bearings.	Number: Types of number, using negative numbers and rounding. Converting between fractions, decimals and percentages, working with proportion. Algebra: Manipulating algebra, substitution and using brackets. Data: Calculating with theoretical and experimental probability.	Number: factors, multiples, decimals, rounding, indices and standard form. Converting between fractions, decimals and percentages and calculating with all four operations using fractions. Algebra: Simplifying, rearranging factorising and expanding algebraic brackets as well as calculating with algebraic fractions.
Assessments	Tests, and Home Learning tasks (MyiMaths).	Tests, and Home Learning tasks (MyiMaths).	Tests, and Home Learning tasks (MyiMaths).
		Term 2	
Topic and Content	Topic 1: Data (7D1, 7D2) Topic 2: Algebra (7A1, 7A2)	Topic 1: Data (8D2, 8D3) Topic 2: Geometry (8G1, 8G2)	Topic 1: Data (9D1, 9D2) Topic 2: Geometry (9G1)
Skills	Data: Finding averages and range, constructing graphs and charts Algebra: Generating and describing sequences and mappings.	Data: Finding averages and range from a table, constructing charts and graphs Geometry: Angle rules, parallel line angle rules, angles in polygons.	Data: Finding averages and range from a table, constructing charts and graphs. Analysing sets of data and drawing conclusions. Geometry: Constructing shapes using compass and protractor, using loci to solve problems

- **IGCSE syllabus** informs planning - looking at skills required for Extended
- Most timelines follow a **spiral structure**:
 - most topics are revisited
 - building on prior learning
 - increasing difficulty and contexts
- Students have **different access points**: *B/D/M*

Schemes of Work

	Year 7
Topic and Content	Topic 1: Number (7N1, 7N2, 7N3, 7N4) Topic 2: Geometry (7G1, 7G2) Topic 3: Number (7N5, 7N6, 7N7)
Skills	Number: mental arithmetic, BIDMAS, working with negative numbers and decimals and rounding <u>number</u> . Using factors and multiples, converting between fractions, decimals and percentages, understanding ratio and proportion. Geometry: Knowing key terms for defining angles. Working with angle rules and bearings.
Assessments	Tests, and Home Learning tasks (MyiMaths).

Content: the different topic titles and teaching codes

Skills being learnt in each topic - there is often overlap between topics

Assessment: How we know they are making progress



Mathematics Structure

KS3 (Year 7 - 9)	Adapted version of the UK national curriculum	mixed-ability classes internal assessments grades 1U - 9A*
KS4 (Year 10 - 11)	Cambridge iGCSE Mathematics (CAIE 0580)	mixed-ability, until Y10 December course split into Extended (A* - C) or Core (C - G) two exams in Year 11
KS5 (Year 12 - 13)	Cambridge AS/A2 Mathematics (CAIE 9709)	students study Pure (P1 and P3) and Applied (S1 and M1) two exams in Year 12 two exams in Year 13

iGCSE Mathematics

- The course is **changing from next year!**
- Content **stays the same**: assessments are changing:
 - one **non-calculator paper** and one calculator paper, equally weighted
 - Mixture of short (recall) and longer (problem solving) questions **in both**
- Students will need to improve their number sense
 - Year 9 curriculums adapted **straightaway**
 - Year 7 - 8 and Year 10 - 11 curriculums adapted **from next year**



AS/A2 Mathematics

More information
in the Options
Evening in a
couple of weeks
time!

A Level Maths - CAIE 9709

AS Only (Year 12)

P1: Pure Maths -
algebra, number,
graphs, geometry,
calculus.

60% of AS grade
1 hour 45 min
(Calculator)

75 marks

**S1: Statistics and
Probability -**
analysing data,
probability, types of
distributions

40% of AS grade
1 hour 15 min
(Calculator)

50 marks

A Level (Year 12 + 13)

P1 (from Year 12):
30% of A Level
grade

S1 (from Year 12):
20% of A Level
grade

P3: Pure Maths -

30% of A Level grade
1 hour 45 min exam
(Calculator)
75 marks

M1: Mechanics (applied)

20% of A Level grade
1 hour 15 min exam (Calc)
50 marks

Teaching and Learning

- Students will have **different access points**
- Students should make progress **compared to themselves**
- Resources are **shared on Google Classroom**:
 - lesson slides
 - worksheets (scaffolded, difficulty levels)
 - (where possible) extension challenges
- Use of textbooks
 - Textbooks for all Year 12 - 13
 - Occasional textbook use at iGCSE
 - In-class textbooks for Year 7 - 9



Teaching and Learning

Students might not need all the equipment every lesson but should have everything ready for whenever they need it!



Homework

Online Homework

Q1 Q1 - Percer

In a sale, A shirt

How r

Q2 A jacket

How r

The b

Paul u

How r

Sandy

How r

Total

Basic Skills	Main Focus	Extension
1. List all of the factors of 20	1. Write the number 30 as a product of its prime factors	1. Write the number 120 as a product of its prime factors in index form
2. List the first 5 multiples of 7	2. Write the number 75 as a product of its prime factors	
3. Find the HCF of 20 and 30	3. Write the number 105 as a product of its prime factors	2. Jack thinks of 2 different numbers. The HCF is 6 and one of the numbers is 24. Suggest what the second number could be
4. Find the LCM of 18 and 30	4. Write the number 83 as a product of its prime factors	
5. How many factors does a prime number have? Give some examples	5. Write the number 648 as a product of its prime factors	3. One piece of string is 18cm. The other is 24cm. If I wanted to cut the string up into smaller pieces of equal length, what is the longest length it could be?
Need some more practice? - try these links: https://tinyurl.com/y5z3wm8h https://tinyurl.com/y2nojoFu	6. Find the LCM of 60 and 72	
	7. Find the HCF of 14, 21 and 49	4. Helen needs plates and straws for a party. Plates are sold in packs of 30. Straws are sold in packs of 120. What is the smallest number of packs she must buy to have an equal amount of each?
	8. Find the HCF of 9, 12 and 24	
	9. Find the LCM of 4, 5 and 9	5. Write the following numbers as a product of its prime factors. 36 and 64
	10. Find the LCM of 5, 8 and 16	

On time 😊 / Late 😞	House Point? ⭐	<input type="checkbox"/> Corrected?
Working Out: Excellent / Some Errors / None	Student Comment (optional):	
Presentation: Excellent / Good / Poor		
Understanding: Excellent / Some Errors / Revise!	Teacher Comment (optional):	

Menu

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4

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6

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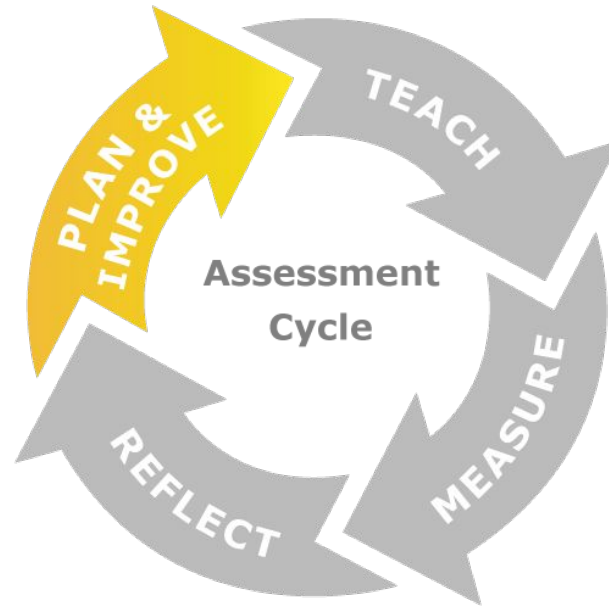
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Clear

- KS3: 30 to 45 minutes per week
- KS4: approximately an hour
- KS5: an hour a day!
- Homework is **MyiMaths** or a **worksheet**:
- Students should be **'passing' each activity**, not just rushing through the work!
- More use of **exam questions** towards the end of the course, particularly with Y11 - 13

Assessment Cycle



- constant revision in and out of lessons
- revisiting topics if necessary

- review lesson
- follow-up homework
- self-evaluations completed by all students

- students provided with **revision lists** (1 week)
- revision lessons

- assessments at least once a term
- cumulative assessments
- mixture of calculator and non-calculator


Support for Students

- Support in lessons with scaffolded worksheets or different types of questions
- There are **support** clubs: at least once a week (split next term)
- Drop-In sessions take place **at lunch on Tuesdays**
- Subscriptions to a whole host of websites:
 - MyiMaths
 - Mangahigh (KS3 only)
 - Education Perfect (KS4 only)
 - DrFrostMaths



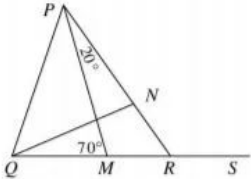
Support and Challenge

- In-Lesson:
 - focus on **communicating mathematics**, not just producing answers
 - different worksheets always available
 - starting to introduce **UKMT challenge questions** and **cross-curricular problems**
- **Challenge Club** takes place **every Wednesday!**
- Introducing more competitions this year:
 - UKMT Maths Challenges
 - FOBISIA Competitions
 - Chandra Kala Challenges (weekly)
 - House Maths Olympiad



United Kingdom
Mathematics Trust

In the diagram $\angle RPM = 20^\circ$ and $\angle QMP = 70^\circ$. What is $\angle PRS$?



A 90°
B 110°
C 120°
D 130°

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 This problem was adapted from the UKMT Mathematical Challenges. For more information see www.ukmt.org.uk



Mathematics @ Home

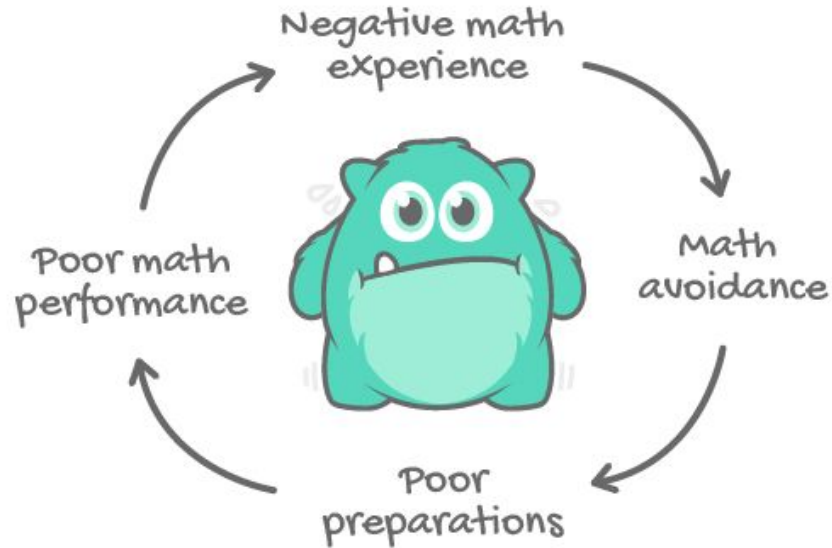
Researchers found that when mothers told their daughters they were not good at math in school, their daughter's achievement declined almost immediately!

The parents' math[s] knowledge did not turn out to have any impact, only their level of math[s] anxiety.

Mathematics @ Home

What practical steps can we take at home?

Math anxiety cycle of failure



Mathematics @ Home

You can help us by:

- Focusing language around the *joy of maths*:

“You can do this, I believe in you, math[s] is an open, subject that is all about effort and hard work.”

- Stop enforcing our own historical trauma! (Eccles & Jacobs, 1986)



Mathematics @ Home

Practical Steps:

- Ensure students are doing homework and **actually trying**
- Encourage children to show more complete working out - ask them *Why?*
- Avoid use of calculators and help practice times tables - *Spotify has a lovely playlist!*
- Keep in touch! *Email me if you have any concerns (or positives!)*



Any Questions?



Maths Website



"Mathematics is not about numbers,

Chandra Kala Challenge (25 Nov)

The coloured shapes stand for **eleven** of the numbers

between 0 to 12.

Each shape is a different number.



Check the Yeti News for this week's challenge and email your answers to me!